Right angled trigonometry



Checklist

Use this space to keep track of your progress with this subtopic. Print and file this document together with those from different sub-topics in a file for quick reference.

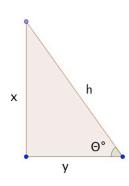
Task	Complete (tick or cross)	Traffic Light (Red, amber or green)
Watch the video tutorials		
Check you know your calculators skills		
Review the slides		
Review/annotate the flashcards		
Complete the quiz		
Complete the exam style questions		
Check your solutions against the solution videos		
Review any remaining areas you need to.		

Flashcards



Right angled Trigonometry

Flashcard



$$sin\theta = \frac{opposite}{hypotenuse} = \frac{x}{h}$$

$$cos\theta = \frac{adjacent}{hypotenuse} = \frac{y}{h}$$

$$tan\theta = \frac{opposite}{adjacent} = \frac{x}{y}$$

DEGREE MODE!

Rearrange to make the unknown the subject

if
$$\sin\theta = \frac{x}{h}$$
, then $\theta = \sin^{-1}(\frac{x}{h})$

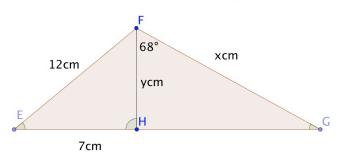
Exam Style Questions

Complete these questions on paper and then check your solutions against the video solutions on the website.

Question 1

Consider the diagram below where angle EHF is a right angle

Diagram not to scale



- a) Calculate the angle marked at 'E'
- b) Calculate the length 'y' in cm
- c) Calculate the length 'x' in cm

Write answers here

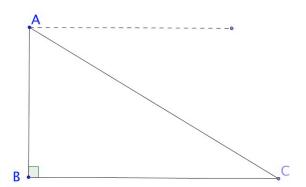
Working	

- (a) _____
- (b)
- (c)

(6marks)

Question 2

A man is stood at the top of a vertical cliff at point A from where he can see a boat at point C. The angle of depression of the boat from point A is 40°. Point A is 50m above sea level at point B



- a) What is the angle of elevation of point A from the boat at point C
- b) Calculate the distance from point A to point C
- c) Calculate the distance from point B to point C

Write answers here

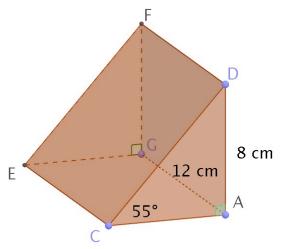
Vorking	

1-	' - '	`			
((a))			

(6marks)

Question 3

Consider the prism shown in the diagram below where the length AD = 8cm, AG = 12cm, angle CAD is 90° and angle ACD is 55°



- a) Calculate the length of AC
- b) Calculate the length of DE
- c) Calculate the angle that the line ED makes with the plane EGAC